Nombre:	Fech	a:
Stress and Accents		
1) When a word ends in <u>N, S or a vowel</u> , place the stress on the <u>SECOND TO LAST</u> syllable. (Notice how the second to last letter in "second" and "last" are N and S)		
Práctica: Underline the stressed syllable in the following words and then say each one:		
centro = <u>cen</u> / tro	pasteles	piscina
computadora	cruzamos	parque
mantequilla	escriben	generalmente
2) When words ends in a <u>consonant</u> (except: <u>S or N</u>), place the stress on the <u>last</u> syllable. (Notice how the last letter in "las <u>t</u> " is a consonant)		
Práctica: Underline the stressed syllable in the following words and then say each one:		
señor = se / <u>ñor</u>	nariz	escribir
capaz	reloj	arroz
trabajador	comer	español
3) When a word has a written <u>accent mark</u> it doesn't follow one of the rules above and you should place the stress on the <u>syllable with the accent</u> .		
Práctica: Underline the stressed syllable in the following words and then say each one:		

semáforo =se / má / fo / ro número teléfono

difícil película lápiz

fácil plátano artístico

Sometimes accent marks are used for other reasons:

4) Accent marks are used to distinguish meaning in one syllable words.

ex: si/sí el/él tu/tú mi/mí

5) Accent marks are used on question words when they are asking a question.

ex: ¿Cuándo estudias?-When do you study?

Estudio <u>cuando</u> hay un examen.-I study <u>when</u> there is a test.